

Section 7: Plurals

7.1 Animals, Fishes, and Related Terms

Singular	Plural	Mix of Species
alevin	alevins	alevins
alga	algae¹	algae ¹
bear	bears	bears
beaver	beavers	NA
bison	$bison^1$	NA
buck	bucks ¹	bucks ¹
caribou	$caribou^1$	NA
char	char¹	chars1
clam	clams	clams
cod	cod^1	$cods^1$
coyote	coyotes	NA
crab	crabs	crabs
deer	deer^1	deer^1
doe	$does^1$	$does^1$
duck	ducks	ducks
elk	${ m elk}^1$	NA
fingerling	fingerlings	fingerlings
fish	fish	fishes
flounder	$flounders^1$	$flounders^1$
fox	foxes	foxes
fry	fry	fry
fungus	fungi/funguses	fungi/funguses
furbearer	furbearers	furbearers
geoduck	geoducks	geoducks
goat	goats	goats
goose	geese	geese
grouse	grouse ¹	grouses1
halibut	$halibut^1$	halibuts1

Singular	Plural	Mix of Species
hare	hares	hares
herring	herring ¹	herrings1
larva	larvae ¹	larvae ¹
lynx	$lynx^1$	lynxes1
marten	martens	NA
megalopa ²	megalopae	megalopas
megalops ²	megalops	megalops
mink	$mink^1$	NA
mollusk	mollusks	mollusks
moose	moose	NA
muskox	muskoxen	NA
muskrat	muskrats	NA
octopus	octopuses/octopi	octopuses/octopi
otter	otters	otters
parr	$parr^1$	parr ¹
pike	$pike^1$	$esocids^4$
plankter ³	plankton/plankters ³	plankton ³
rockfish	rockfish ¹	$rock fishes^1$
salmon	$salmon^1$	$salmon^1$
sheep	sheep	sheep
shrimp	$shrimp^1$	shrimps1
smolt	smolts^1	smolts
squid	squid^1	squids ¹
trout	$trout^1$	trouts1
walrus	walruses	NA
waterfowl	waterfowl	waterfowl
weasel	weasels	weasels
wolf	wolves	NA
wolverine	wolverines	NA
zoea ¹	$zoeas^1$	zoeas¹

The dictionary recognizes 2 acceptable plurals, but the committee decided that only this plural should be used in ADF&G writing.

Use either megalopa or megalops and their plurals, but do not mix the 2 forms (megalops/megalopa) within a document.

Use *plankter* for a single planktonic organism. Use *plankters* when referring to a specific number of such organisms; however, *plankton* may also be used. For example, "a count of 1.3×10^3 zooplankters" but "the zooplankton count was 1.3×10^6 " (not 1.3×10^3 zooplankton). Also, use *plankton* when referring to the population or general group of such organisms.

⁴ Although technically pickerels and muskellunge are pikes, when referring to a mix of pike species "pikes" may be misunderstood to be several or more pike *E. lucius*. Therefore, when referring to a mix of pike species, use "esocids."

7.2 General Terms

The following singulars and plurals should be used as indicated. Words in brackets are allowed in general writing but not in technical writing. When there are 2 plurals and both are acceptable, they are separated by a slash (/).

Singular	Plural
agenda	agendas
criterion	criteria [criterions ¹]
data point [not data²]	data
fishery ³	fisheries ³
formula	formulas
genus	genera
hypothesis	hypotheses
index	indices [indexes ¹]
memorandum	memoranda/memorandums
ovum	ova
phenomenon	phenomena
species	species
stratum	strata [stratums ⁴]
symposium	symposia/symposiums
taxon	taxa
virion	virions ⁵
$virus^5$	viruses ⁵

Although allowed in popular writing, this should not be used in technical writing.

- Although data as a singular is allowed in popular writing, this should not be used in technical writing. (Note: datum is no longer used.)
- Use *fishery* or *fisheries* as a plural modifier of *biologist* or *management*; whichever is used, use it consistently within the document, not both. For ADF&G biologists, use *fishery biologist* because this is the term for the job class.
- ⁴ Although the dictionary allows either, the committee did not endorse the use of this plural.
- Use viron(s) or virus particle(s) when referring to a single or multiple particles, especially numbers of (e.g., a single virion can infect...). Use virus/viruses for all other uses; i.e., when not referring to numbers of particles.

Notes